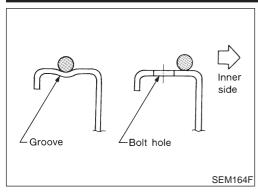
ENGINE LUBRICATION & COOLING SYSTEMS

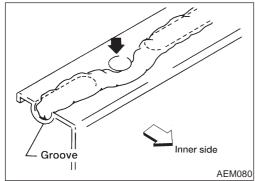
SECTION LC

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Precautions

LIQUID GASKET APPLICATION PROCEDURE

- Use a scraper to remove all traces of old liquid gasket from mating surfaces and grooves. Also, completely clean any oil from these areas.
- Apply a continuous bead of liquid gasket to mating surfaces. (Use Genuine Liquid Gasket or equivalent.)
- For oil pan, be sure liquid gasket diameter is 4.0 to 5.0 mm (0.157 to 0.197 in).
- For areas except oil pan, be sure liquid gasket diameter is 2.0 to 3.0 mm (0.079 to 0.118 in).
- Apply liquid gasket around the inner side of bolt holes (unless otherwise specified).
- 4. Assembly should be done within 5 minutes after coating.
- Wait at least 30 minutes before refilling engine oil and engine

Preparation SPECIAL SERVICE TOOLS

		NFLC0002
Tool number Tool name	Description	
ST25051001 Oil pressure gauge	PF1/4x19/in	Measuring oil pressure Maximum measuring range: 2,452 kPa (24.5 bar, 25 kg/cm ² , 356 psi)
	NT558	
ST25052000 Hose	PS1/4x19/in PS1/4x19/in	Adapting oil pressure gauge to upper oil pan
	NT559	
WS39930000 Tube pressure		Pressing the tube of liquid gasket
	NT052	

Intake camshaft

Aluminum oil pan

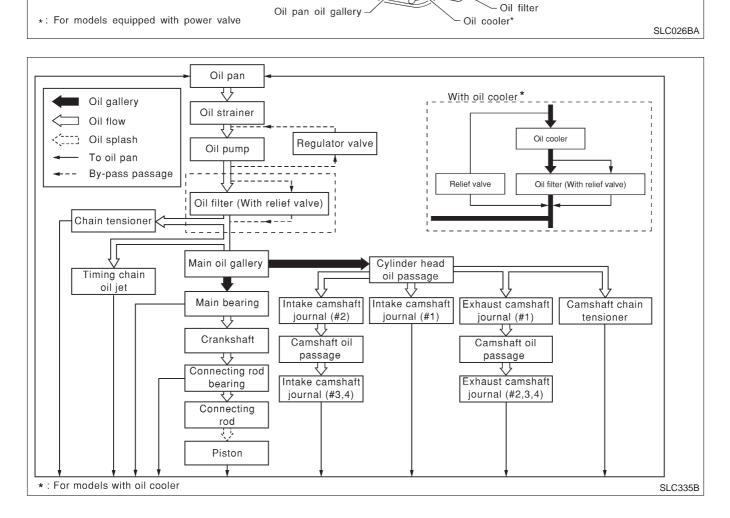
Intake camshaft No. 2 journal Exhaust camshaft Camshaft No. 1 journal Exhaust camshaft No. 1 journal Main gallery

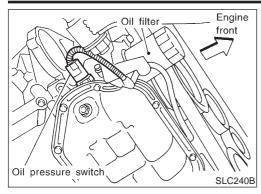
Chain case oil gallery

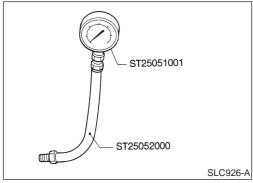
— Timing chain oil jet

- Oil pump

Oil strainer







Oil Pressure Check

WARNING:

- Be careful not to burn yourself, as the engine and oil may be hot.
- Oil pressure check should be done in "Neutral position" (M/T) or "Parking position" (A/T).
- 1. Check oil level.
- 2. Remove oil pressure switch.
- 3. Install pressure gauge.
- 4. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 5. Check oil pressure with engine running under no-load.

Engine speed rpm	Approximate discharge pressure kPa (bar, kg/cm², psi)
Idle speed	More than 69 (0.69, 0.7, 10)
2,000	390 (3.90, 3.98, 56.6)

If difference is extreme, check oil passage and oil pump for oil leaks.

6. Install oil pressure switch with sealant.

Oil Pump

REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

NFLC000

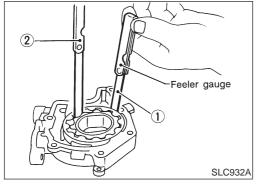
CAUTION:

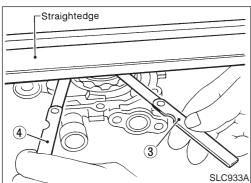
When removing the oil pans, oil pump assembly and timing chain from engine, first remove the camshaft position sensor (PHASE) and the crankshaft position sensor (REF)/(POS) from the assembly.

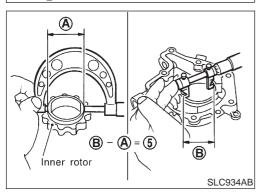
Be careful not to damage sensor edge.

- 1. Drain engine oil.
- 2. Remove drive belts.
- 3. Remove camshaft position sensor (PHASE), and crankshaft position sensor (REF)/(POS).
- 4. Remove engine lower covers.
- 5. Remove crankshaft pulley.
- 6. Remove front exhaust tube and its support.
- 7. Support engine at right and left side engine slingers with a suitable hoist.
- 8. Remove engine right side mounting insulator and bracket bolts and nuts.
- 9. Remove center member assembly.
- 10. Remove air compressor assembly and bracket.
- 11. Remove oil pans. Refer to EM-12, "Removal".
- 12. Remove water pump cover.
- 13. Remove front cover assembly.
- 14. Remove timing chain. Refer to EM-21, "Removal".
- 15. Remove oil pump assembly.
- 16. Reinstall any parts removed in reverse order of removal.

DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY SEC. 150 ? Oil pump body 1 Outer rotor 7 Inner rotor Oil pump cover 8.43 - 10.8 Gasket 🔀 (0.86 - 1.10, 74.6 - 95.5) Oil strainer Regulator valve O-ring 🔀 : Lubricate with 16 - 19 Spring (1.6 - 1.9, 12 - 14) Regulator valve set new engine oil. Regulator plug (kg-m, in-lb) ∶ N•m 5.9 - 7.9 39 - 69 (4.0 - 7.0, 29 - 51) (0.60 - 0.81, 52.1 - 70.3) : N•m (kg-m, ft-lb)







When installing oil pump, apply engine oil to rotors. OIL PUMP INSPECTION

Using a feeler gauge, straightedge and micrometers, check the following clearances:

Unit: mm (in)

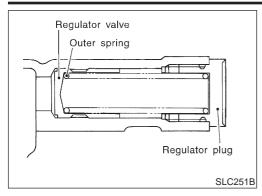
SLC253BB

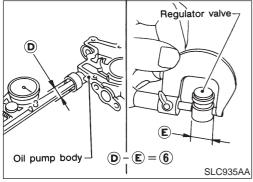
Body to outer rotor radial clearance 1	0.114 - 0.200 (0.0045 - 0.0079)
Inner rotor to outer rotor tip clearance 2	Below 0.18 (0.0071)
Body to inner rotor axial clearance 3	0.030 - 0.070 (0.0012 - 0.0028)
Body to outer rotor axial clearance 4	0.050 - 0.110 (0.0020 - 0.0043)
Inner rotor to brazed portion of housing clearance 5	0.045 - 0.091 (0.0018 - 0.0036)

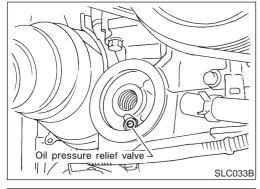
- If the tip clearance (2) exceeds the limit, replace rotor set.
- If body to rotor clearances (1, 3, 4, 5) exceed the limit, replace oil pump body assembly.

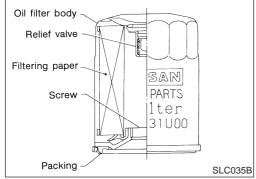
ENGINE LUBRICATION SYSTEM

Oil Pump (Cont'd)









REGULATOR VALVE INSPECTION

NFLC0008

- Visually inspect components for wear and damage.
- Check oil pressure regulator valve sliding surface and valve spring.
- Coat regulator valve with engine oil. Check that it falls smoothly into the valve hole by its own weight.

If damaged, replace regulator valve set or oil pump body.

4. Check regulator valve to oil pump body clearance.

Clearance:

6: 0.040 - 0.097 mm (0.0016 - 0.0038 in)

If it exceeds the limit, replace oil pump body.

OIL PRESSURE RELIEF VALVE INSPECTION (FOR OIL COOLER)

Inspect oil pressure relief valve for movement, cracks and breaks by pushing the ball. If replacement is necessary, remove valve by prying it out with suitable tool.

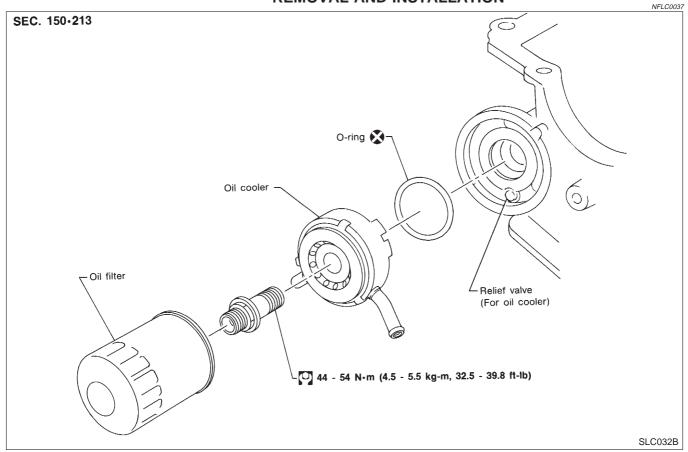
Install a new valve in place by tapping it.

OIL FILTER

The oil filter is a small, full-flow cartridge type and is provided with a relief valve.

Use Tool specified in MA-21 for changing oil filter.

Oil Cooler **REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION**



- Drain engine oil and coolant.
- 2. Remove oil cooler.
- Installation is in reverse order of removal.
- Do not spill coolant on the drive belt.

Inspection

Oil Cooler

NFLC0037S01

NFLC0037S0101

- 1. Check oil cooler for cracks.
- 2. Check oil cooler for clogging by blowing through coolant inlet. If necessary, replace oil cooler assembly.

Oil Pressure Relief Valve

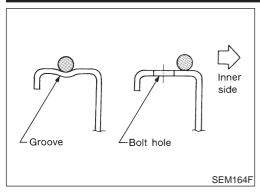
Inspect oil pressure relief valve for movement, cracks and breaks by pushing the ball. If replacement is necessary, remove valve by prying it out with a suitable tool. Install a new valve in place by tapping it.

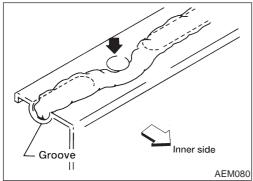
ENGINE LUBRICATION SYSTEM

Service Data and Specifications (SDS)

Service Data and Specifications (SDS)

OIL PRESSURE	ce Data and Specifications (SDS)
	=NFLC0010
Engine speed rpm	Approximate discharge pressure kPa (bar, kg/cm², psi)
Idle speed 2,000	More than 69 (0.69, 0.7, 10) 390 (3.90, 3.98, 56.6)
REGULATOR VALVE	
	Unit: mm (in)
Regulator valve to oil pump cover clearance	0.040 - 0.097 (0.0016 - 0.0038)
OIL PUMP	
0.2 . 0	VFLC0012 Unit: mm (in)
Body to outer rotor radial clearance	0.114 - 0.200 (0.0045 - 0.0079)
Inner rotor to outer rotor tip clearance	Below 0.18 (0.0071)
Body to inner rotor axial clearance	0.030 - 0.070 (0.0012 - 0.0028)
Body to outer rotor axial clearance	0.050 - 0.110 (0.0020 - 0.0043)
Inner rotor to brazed portion of housing clearance	0.045 - 0.091 (0.0018 - 0.0036)





Precautions

LIQUID GASKET APPLICATION PROCEDURE

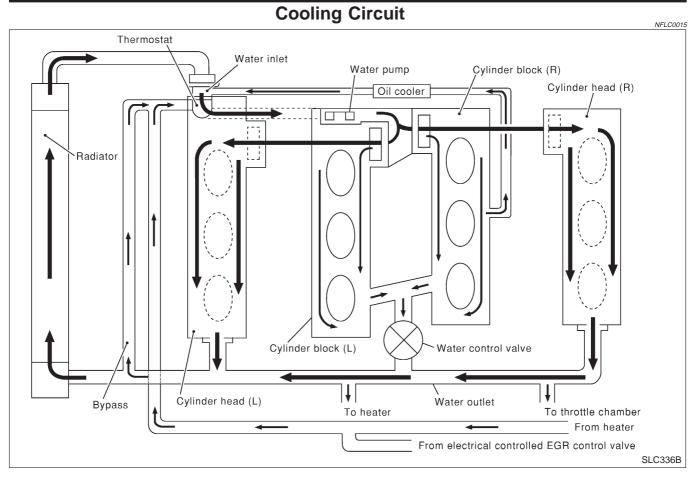
NFLC0013

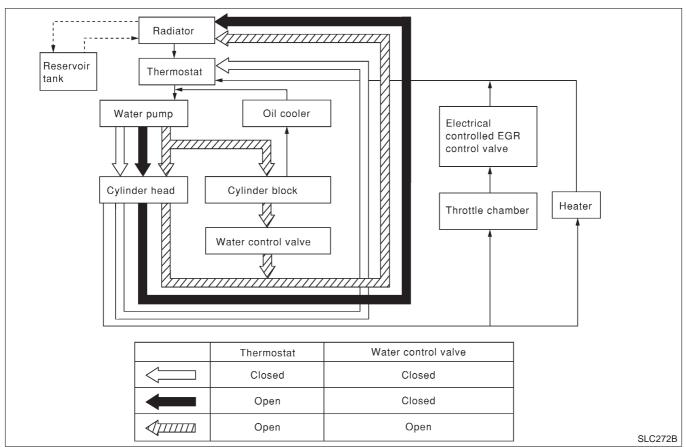
- 1. Use a scraper to remove all traces of old liquid gasket from mating surfaces and grooves. Also, completely clean any oil from these areas.
- Apply a continuous bead of liquid gasket to mating surfaces. (Use Genuine Liquid Gasket or equivalent.)
- For oil pan, be sure liquid gasket diameter is 4.0 to 5.0 mm (0.157 to 0.197 in).
- For areas except oil pan, be sure liquid gasket diameter is 2.0 to 3.0 mm (0.079 to 0.118 in).
- 3. Apply liquid gasket around the inner side of bolt holes (unless otherwise specified).
- 4. Assembly should be done within 5 minutes after coating.
- 5. Wait at least 30 minutes before refilling engine oil and engine

Preparation SPECIAL SERVICE TOOLS

NFLC001

		NFLC0014
Tool number Tool name	Description	
WS39930000 Tube pressure	NT052	Pressing the tube of liquid gasket
EG17650301 Radiator cap tester adapter		Adapting radiator cap tester to radiator filler neck a: 28 (1.10) dia. b: 31.4 (1.236) dia. c: 41.3 (1.626) dia. Unit: mm (in)
	NT564	
KV99103510 Radiator plate pliers A	Fo	Installing radiator upper and lower tanks
	NT224	
KV99103520 Radiator plate pliers B	0, 0	Removing radiator upper and lower tanks
	NT225	





System Check

WARNING:

NFLC0016

Never remove the radiator cap when the engine is hot; serious burns could be caused by high pressure fluid escaping from the radiator.

Wrap a thick cloth around the cap and carefully remove it by turning it a quarter turn to allow built-up pressure to escape and then turn the cap all the way off.

CHECKING COOLING SYSTEM HOSES

NFLC0016S01

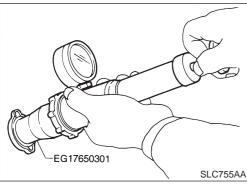
Check hoses for improper attachment, leaks, cracks, damage, loose connections, chafing and deterioration.

CHECKING RADIATOR

NFLC0016S02

Check radiator for mud or clogging. If necessary, clean radiator as follows.

- Be careful not to bend or damage the radiator fins.
- When radiator is cleaned without removal, remove all surrounding parts such as cooling fan, radiator shroud and horns.
 Then tape the harness and connectors to prevent water from entering.
- 1. Apply water by hose to the back side of the radiator core vertically downward.
- Apply water again to all radiator core surfaces once per minute.
- Stop washing if any stains no longer flow out from the radiator.
- 4. Blow air into the back side of radiator core vertically downward.
- Use compressed air lower than 490 kPa (4.9 bar, 5 kg/cm², 71 psi) and keep distance more than 30 cm (11.8 in).
- 5. Blow air again into all the radiator core surfaces once per minute until no water sprays out.



SMA967B

CHECKING RADIATOR CAP

NFLC0016S03

To check radiator cap, apply pressure to cap with a tester.

Radiator cap relief pressure:

```
Standard

78 - 98 kPa

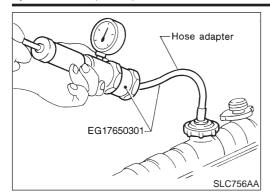
(0.78 - 0.98 bar, 0.8 - 1.0 kg/cm², 11 - 14 psi)

Limit

59 - 98 kPa

(0.59 - 0.98 bar, 0.6 - 1.0 kg/cm², 9 - 14 psi)
```

Pull the negative pressure valve to open it. Check that it closes completely when released.



CHECKING COOLING SYSTEM FOR LEAKS

To check for leakage, apply pressure to the cooling system with a tester.

Testing pressure:

157 kPa (1.57 bar, 1.6 kg/cm², 23 psi)

The pressure should not drop.

CAUTION:

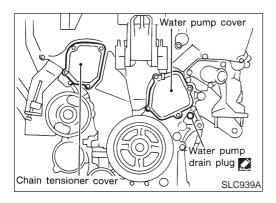
Higher than the specified pressure may cause radiator damage.

Water Pump COMPONENTS

NFLC0017 SEC. 130•210 8.5 - 10.7 Water pump (0.86 - 1.10, 75 - 95) O-ring - 9.3 (0.70 - 0.95, 61 - 82) 10 - 13 10 - 13 Drain plug (1.0 - 1.3, 87 - 113) (1.0 - 1.3, 87 - 113)7.8 - 11.8 🕏 Apply liquid gasket. (Use Genuine Liquid Gasket or equivalent.) (0.80 - 1.20, 69.4 - 104.2) SLC154BE

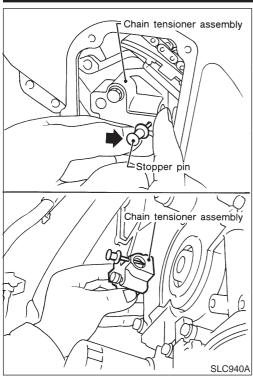
CAUTION:

- When removing water pump assembly, be careful not to get coolant on drive belt.
- Water pump cannot be disassembled and should be replaced as a unit.
- After installing water pump, connect hose and clamp securely, then check for leaks using radiator cap tester.

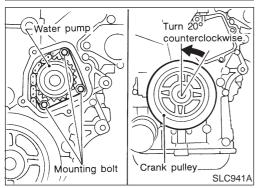


REMOVAL

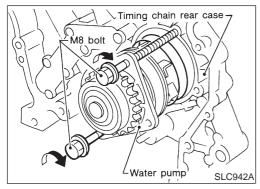
- Drain coolant from drain plugs on radiator and both sides of cylinder block. Refer to *MA-16*, "Changing Engine Coolant".
- Remove right side engine mounting, mounting bracket and nuts.
- 3. Remove drive belts and idler pulley bracket.
- 4. Remove water pump drain plug.
- 5. Remove chain tensioner cover and water pump cover.



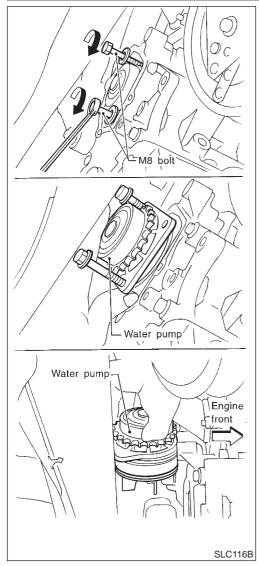
Pushing timing chain tensioner sleeve, apply a stopper pin so it does not return. Then remove the chain tensioner assembly.



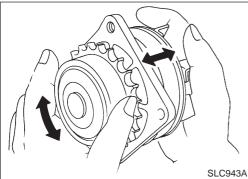
 Remove the 3 water pump fixing bolts. Secure a gap between water pump gear and timing chain, by turning crankshaft pulley 20° backwards.



8. Put M8 bolts to two M8-threaded holes out of 3 water pump fixing bolt holes.



- 9. Tighten M8 bolts by turning half turn alternately until they reach timing chain rear case.
- In order to prevent damages to water pump or timing chain rear case, do not tighten one bolt continuously. Always turn each bolt half turn each time.
- 10. Lift up water pump and remove it.
- When lifting up water pump, do not allow water pump gear to hit timing chain.



INSPECTION

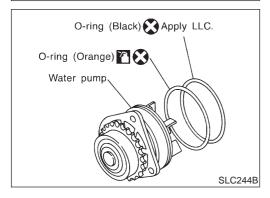
NFLC0019

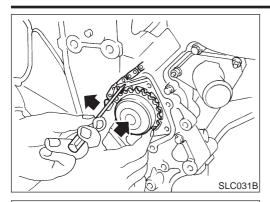
- 1. Check for badly rusted or corroded body assembly.
- 2. Check for rough operation due to excessive end play.

INSTALLATION

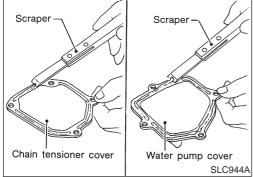
NFLC0020

1. Apply engine oil and coolant to O-rings as shown in the figure.



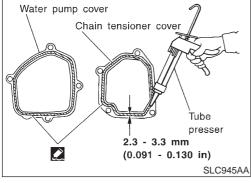


- 2. Install water pump.
- Do not allow cylinder block to nip O-rings when installing water pump.

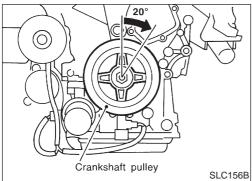


 Before installing, remove all traces of liquid gasket from mating surface of water pump cover and chain tensioner cover using a scraper.

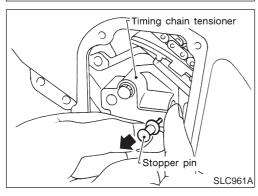
Also remove traces of liquid gasket from mating surface of front cover.



 Apply a continuous bead of liquid gasket to mating surface of chain tensioner cover and water pump cover.

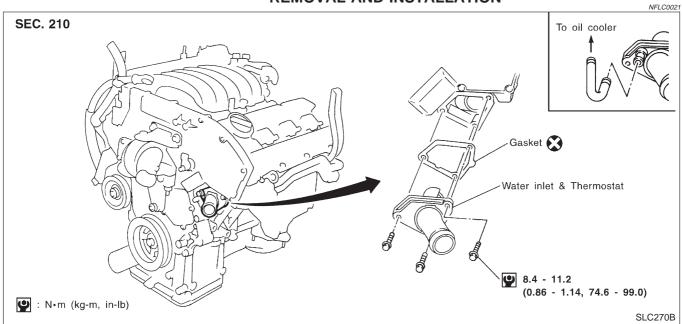


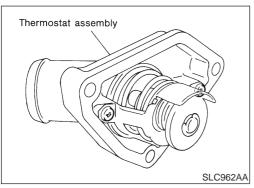
Return the crankshaft pulley to its original position by turning it 20° forward.



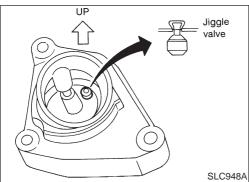
- 6. Install timing chain tensioner, then remove the stopper pin.
- When installing the timing chain tensioner, engine oil should be applied to the oil hole and tensioner.
- After starting engine, let idle for three minutes, then rev engine up to 3,000 rpm under no load to purge air from the high-pressure chamber of the chain tensioners. The engine may produce a rattling noise. This indicates that air still remains in the chamber and is not a matter of concern.
- 7. Install drain plug on cylinder block.
- 8. Reinstall any parts removed in reverse order of removal.

Thermostat REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

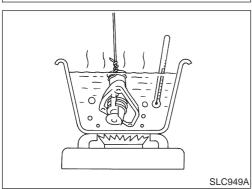




- 1. Drain coolant from drain plugs on radiator and both sides of cylinder block.
- 2. Remove drive belts and idler pulley bracket.
- 3. Remove water pump drain plug on pump side of cylinder block.
- 4. Remove lower radiator hose.
- 5. Remove water inlet and thermostat assembly.
- Do not disassemble water inlet and thermostat. Replace them as a unit, if necessary.



- 6. Install thermostat with jiggle valve facing upward.
- After installation, run engine for a few minutes, and check for leaks.
- Be careful not to spill coolant over engine compartment.
 Use a rag to absorb coolant.



INSPECTION

NFLC0022

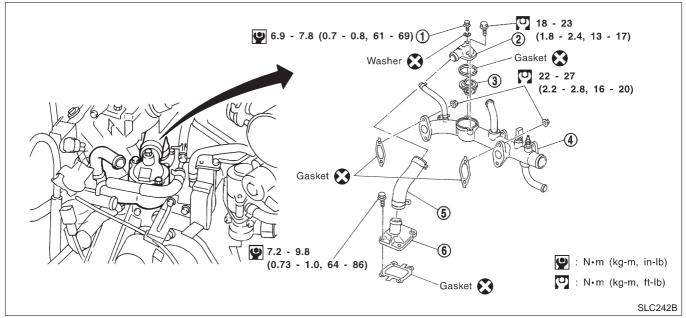
- 1. Check valve seating condition at ordinary room temperatures. It should seat tightly.
- 2. Check valve opening temperature and maximum valve lift.

	Standard
Valve opening temperature	82°C (180°F)
Valve lift	More than 8.6 mm/95°C (0.339 in/203°F)

3. Then check if valve closes at 5°C (9°F) below valve opening temperature.

Water Control Valve REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

NFLC0032

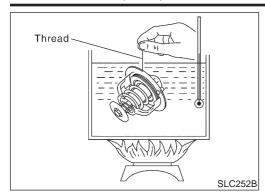


- 1. Air relief plug
- 2. Water connector

- Water control valve
- 4. Water outlet

- 5. Water hose
- 6. Cylinder block water outlet
- 1. Drain coolant from drain plugs on radiator and both sides of cylinder block.
- 2. Remove water connector and water control valve.
- 3. Install water control valve and water connector.
- After installation, run engine for a few minutes, and check for leaks.
- Be careful not to spill coolant over engine compartment. Use a rag to absorb coolant.

Water Control Valve (Cont'd)



INSPECTION

NFLC0023

- Check valve seating condition at ordinary room temperatures.

 It should not tight to It should seat tightly.
- Check valve opening temperature and maximum valve lift.

	Standard
Valve opening temperature	95°C (203°F)
Valve lift	More than 8.0 mm/108°C (0.315 in/226°F)

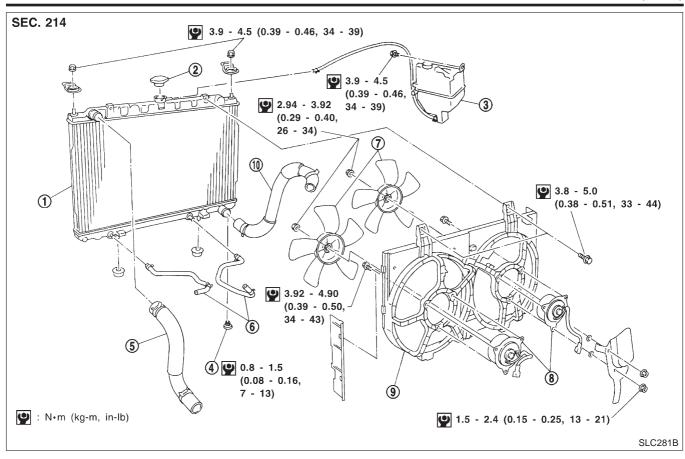
Then check if valve closes at 5°C (9°F) below valve opening temperature.

Radiator

REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

- 1. Remove under cover.
- 2. Drain coolant from radiator.
- 3. Disconnect radiator upper and lower hoses.
- 4. Remove radiator shroud.
- 5. Remove A/T oil cooler hoses. (A/T models only)
- 6. Disconnect reservoir tank hose.
- 7. Remove radiator mounting bracket.
- 8. Remove radiator.
- 9. After repairing or replacing radiator, install any part removed in reverse order of removal.

When filling radiator with coolant, refer to MA-16, "Changing Engine Coolant".



- 1. Radiator
- 2. Radiator filler cap
- 3. Reservoir tank
- 4. Radiator drain cock

- 5. Upper radiator hose
- 6. Oil cooler hoses (A/T models)
- 7. Cooling fans

- 8. Cooling fan motors
- 9. Radiator shroud
- 10. Lower radiator hose

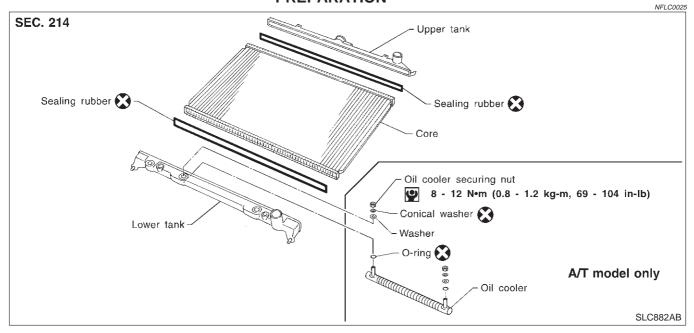
Cooling Fan Control System

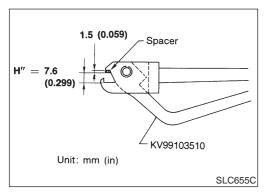
Cooling fans are controlled by ECM. For details, refer to **EC-366**.

Refilling Engine Coolant

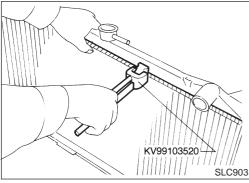
For details on refilling engine coolant, refer to **MA-17**, "REFILLING ENGINE COOLANT".

Radiator (Aluminum type) PREPARATION





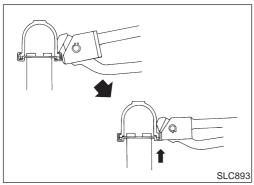
- 1. Attach the spacer to the tip of the radiator plate pliers A. Spacer specification: 1.5 mm (0.059 in) thick x 18 mm (0.71 in) wide x 8.5 mm (0.335 in) long.
- 2. Make sure that when radiator plate pliers A are closed dimension H" is approx. 7.6 mm (0.299 in).
- 3. Adjust dimension H" with the spacer, if necessary.
- If the radiator core rims cannot be crimped as specified, further modification of the radiator plate pliers A is required. Refer to the Technical Bulletin LC91-001.



DISASSEMBLY

1. Remove tank with Tool.

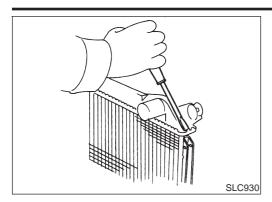
NFLC0026



 Grip the crimped edge and bend it upwards so that Tool slips off.

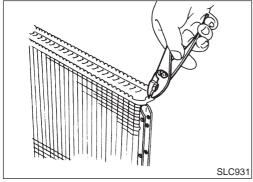
Do not bend excessively.

Radiator (Aluminum type) (Cont'd)

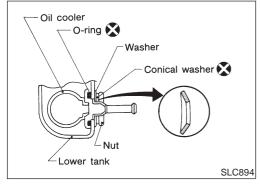


 In areas where Tool cannot be used, use a screwdriver to bend the edge up.

Be careful not to damage tank.



- 2. Make sure the edge stands straight up.
- 3. Remove oil cooler from tank. (A/T models only)

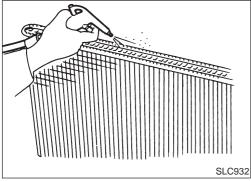


ASSEMBLY

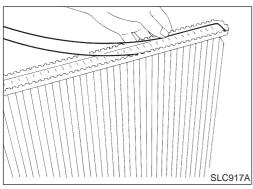
NFLC0027

1. Install oil cooler. (A/T models only)

Pay attention to direction of conical washer.



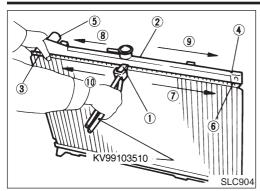
2. Clean contact portion of tank.



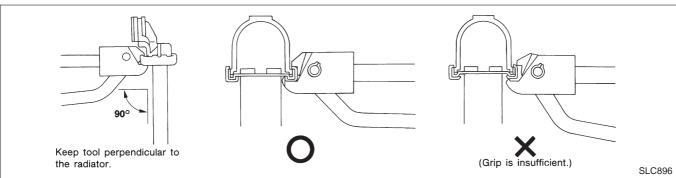
3. Install sealing rubber.

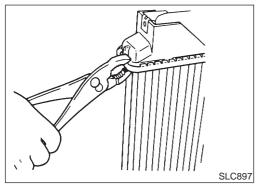
Push it in with fingers. Be careful not to twist sealing rubber.

Radiator (Aluminum type) (Cont'd)

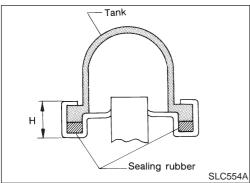


4. Caulk tank in specified sequence with Tool.





Use pliers in the locations where Tool cannot be used.

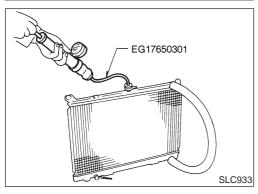


- 5. Make sure that the rim is completely crimped down.
 - Standard height "H":

8.0 - 8.4 mm (0.315 - 0.331 in)

6. Confirm that there is no leakage.

Refer to Inspection.



INSPECTION

NFLC0028

Apply pressure with Tool.

Specified pressure value:

157 kPa (1.57 bar, 1.6 kg/cm², 23 psi)

WARNING:

To prevent the risk of the hose coming undone while under pressure, securely fasten it down with a hose clamp. Attach a hose to the oil cooler as well. (A/T models only)

		Overheating (Cause Analysis	NFLC0029
	Sym	iptom	Check	
		Water pump malfunction	Worn or loose drive belt	
		Thermostat stuck closed	_	
	Poor heat transfer	Damaged fins	Dust contamination or paper clogging	_
			Mechanical damage	
		Clogged radiator cooling tube	Excess foreign material (rust, dirt, sand, etc.)	
		Cooling fan does not operate		
	Reduced air flow	High resistance to fan rotation	_	_
		Damaged fan blades		
	Damaged radiator shroud	_	_	_
	Improper coolant mixture ratio	_	_	_
Cooling sys- tem parts	Poor coolant quality	_	_	_
malfunction	Insufficient coolant	Coolant leaks	Cooling hose	Loose clamp
				Cracked hose
			Water pump	Poor sealing
			Radiator cap	Loose
				Poor sealing
			Radiator	O-ring for damage, deterioration or improper fitting
			Nadiatoi	Cracked radiator tank
				Cracked radiator core
			Reservoir tank	Cracked reservoir tank
		Overflowing reservoir tank	Exhaust gas leaks into cooling system	Cylinder head deterioration
				Cylinder head gasket deterioration

Overheating Cause Analysis (Cont'd)

	Syn	nptom	Check	items
			Abusive driving	High engine rpm under no load
				Driving in low gear for extended time
				Driving at extremely high speed
Except cool- ing system parts mal- function	_	Overload on engine	Powertrain system malfunction	
			Installed improper size wheels and tires	_
			Dragging brakes	
			Improper ignition timing	
	Blocked or restricted air flow	Blocked bumper	_	
		Blocked radiator grille	Installed car brassiere	
			Mud contamination or paper clogging	_
		Blocked radiator	_	
		Blocked condenser	_	
		Installed large fog lamp		

Service Data and Specifications (SDS)

THERMOSTAT			
Valve opening temperature		82°C (180°F)	
Valve lift		More than 8.6 mm/95°C (0.339 in/203°F)	
WATER CONTROL VALVE		NFLC0035	
Valve opening temperature		95°C (203°F)	
Valve lift		More than 8.0 mm/108°C (0.315 in/226°F)	
RADIATOR		Unit: kPa (bar, kg/cm², psi)	
Standard		78 - 98 (0.78 - 0.98, 0.8 - 1.0, 11 - 14)	
Cap relief pressure	Limit	59 - 98 (0.59 - 0.98, 0.6 - 1.0, 9 - 14)	
Leakage test pressure		157 (1.57, 1.6, 23)	